1. How far is it correct to state that a test may be called a scale but all scales are not necessarily tests? Also describe the principles and steps of psychological test construction.

2. Differentiate between panic and anxiety. Describe the symptoms, causes and treatment of generalized anxiety disorder.
3. Show your acquaintance with the contention that the person-centered therapist facilitates the client’s progress toward self-insight. Also describe the steps involved in this therapy.

4. Show your acquaintance with the role of psychologist in the primary, secondary and tertiary intervention programmes. Also explain the behavioural therapeutic methods in the rehabilitation of mentally challenged children.
5. "The concept of social exclusion converges on a remarkably wide range of social and economic problems." Elaborate this statement and explain the Human Development Index (HDI) and Human Deprivation/Poverty Index (HPI) in his context.

6. How far do you agree with the contention that a basic training in cognitve psychology is advantageous for psychologists interested in the area of information technology? Discuss the psychological consequences of recent developments of IT and Computers.
7. Differentiate between “acts of non-violence” and “non-violent acts” and describe the factors influencing peace and non-violence. Also present an appraisal of psychological theories of non-violence.

“अहिंसा की क्रियाएँ” और “अहिंसक कार्यों” में विभेद कीजिए तथा शान्ति और अहिंसा को प्रभावित करने वाले कारकों का वर्णन कीजिए। अहिंसा के मनोवैज्ञानिक सिद्धांतों की समीक्षा भी प्रस्तुत कीजिए।

8. Write notes on the following:

(i) Characteristics of entrepreneurial behaviour

(ii) Social movements for creating environmental awareness

(iii) Social interventions to remove injustice.

निम्नलिखित पर टिप्पणियाँ लिखिए:

(i) ठेकेदारी (आन्त्रिक-पुर्युरिल) व्यवहार की विशेषताएँ

(ii) पर्यावरणीय संचालन निर्मित करने हेतु सामाजिक आन्दोलन

(iii) अन्याय दूर करने हेतु सामाजिक अन्तरायण।